

Calling Attention to Matters of Urgent Public Importance

(i) re : *Situation created due to floods in Malaprabha River.*

SRI C. M. ARUMUGAM (On behalf of **SRI S. BANGARAPPA**, **SRI B. B. SAYANAK** AND **SRI P. B. PATIL**).—I call the attention of the Minister for Revenue regarding submergence of villages under the Malaprabha Project and the Situation created due to floods in Malaprabha river.

SRI N. HUTCHAMASTHY GOWDA (Minister for Revenue).—The water level in the Malaprabha Project Reservoir as on 5th July 1972 at 6-P.M. was at R. L. 2030.45 and the submergence of villages depends on the rise in the water level of the reservoir.

Five thousand, Eight hundred and Eighty families will be affected in respect of 32 villages during the current monsoons. The list of 32 villages which are likely to get submerged due to storage of water in the Malaprabha Project Reservoir is enclosed.

All the residents of these 32 villagers have been given to understand that their villages are likely to get submerged during the current year. Repeated requests have been made to the villagers of these villages through local officers of P. W. D., Revenue and Police to vacate their old village sites, by giving wide publicity about the likely submergence of their villages due to storage of water in the Malaprabha Project Reservoir. Public notices of likelihood of submergence of 32 villages and requesting the displaced persons to evacuate their old village sites were issued in the news papers on different dates as follows :—

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|-----------------------|-----|------------|
| 1. Vishal-Karnatak | ... | 4-5-1972 |
| 2. Samyukta Karnataka | ... | 5-5-1972 |
| | | and |
| | | 26-5-1972 |
| 3. Deccan Herald | ... | 14-5-1972. |

New gavathanas have been formed long back and residential plots have been granted to the displaced families of submergible villages free of cost. 1,070 transit sheds have been got erected in the new village sites as steps to give shelter to the displaced persons and if need be more transit sheds will be got constructed.

Some of the displaced persons have already constructed their houses in the new village sites and some houses are in progress. Where the villagers have not constructed their houses as yet transit sheds have been got constructed in the new village sites at Government cost and shelter to these displaced persons is being provided.

One Thousand, Eight hundred and fifty-two houses have been completed so far. 627 houses are under various stages of construction. 338 Semi-Pucca houses have been completed in respect of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes families. 100 houses are under construction for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

(SRI N. HUTCHAMASTHY GOWDA)

For the housing of 1042 families of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other backward class people spread over in these 32 villages, 100 houses are being constructed by the Taluk Development Boards of Saundatti and Bailhongal. For the remaining 942 families assistance of Rs. 500 for each family for housing is proposed (i.e. Rs. 150 from project funds + Rs. 200 worth timber from Forest Department + Rs. 150 from the Social Welfare Department) and construction of Semi-pucca buildings for these persons is under progress.

When the project is completed, 39 villages will be completely submerged; and 17 villages are likely to be partially submerged.

Compensation amount has been paid in respect of major portion of the lands under acquisition. Of the 41 old village sites coming under R.L. 2086, compensation in respect of properties in old village sites of 36 villages have been paid except in respect of a few left out properties for which structure valuation is yet awaited from P.W.D. and in respect of rest 5 villages i.e. Turamuri, Kaduolli, Hunashikatti, Veerapur and Holenagalapur the acquisition proceedings are yet to be finalised.

The following 32 villages are likely to get submerged in the Malaprabha Project Reservoir during the current year.

Saundatti Taluk

1 Watnal	12 Dhupadal
2 Naduvinhalli	13 Chakrageri
3 Hadagali	14 Mallur
4 Katral	15 Govankop
5 Badli	16 Matholli
6 Singarkop	17 Kuganeri
7 Gurlahosur	18 Hittangi
8 Mugali	19 Sutagatti
9 Asundi	20 Yenagi
10 Kuslapur	21 Ingalgi
11 Yekkundi	

Bailhongal Taluk

22 Korvikoppa	27 Sangolli
23 Wakkund	28 Mugabasav
24 Hiremulkur	29 Budiha
25 Chikmulkur	30 Aravalli
26 Garjur	31 Bevinkop
	32 Lingadhalli

(ii) *re*: Situation created in South Kanara and Malnad Districts due to heavy rains.

Smt. MANORAMA MADHVARAJ (Udipi).—I call the attention of the Minister for Revenue to the situation created in South Kanara and Malnad Districts due to heavy rains.

Sri N. HUTCHAMASTHY GOWDA.—The low lying areas on the banks of rivers and channels were submerged on account of heavy rains and floods for the past 7 to 10 days. However, no damages have been reported to standing crops in the districts as the floods have receded quickly.

The delay in the commencement of the monsoon affected the transplantation of Khariff crop. It commenced late in the second half of June 1972, late by about 2 to 3 weeks. Agricultural operations are still going on. It is not possible to estimate the effect of this on the Khariff crop at this stage and the correct position could be estimated only at the harvest time.

There has been wide spread attack of Mealy bugs in a few villages of the following taluks :

<i>Name of the taluk</i>	<i>No. of villages</i>	<i>Area affected</i>	<i>Area controlled</i>
1. Sullia	1	30 acres	20 per cent
2. Puttur	11	500 acres	30 per cent
3. Bantwal	33	1,275 acres (planted)	30 per cent
4. Belthangady	Nursery area 3	350 acres 220 acres	20 per cent 30 per cent

The heavy rainfall during the last fortnight has helped to check the further spreading of the pest to other areas. The Agricultural Department is taking action to control the pest.

In Mangalore Taluk the Kulai Fishermens, Rehabilitation Colony was inundated. Consequently 9 houses were affected. But they escaped damage as the water has since receded. There are however, six cases of damages to houses in isolated places of the Taluk on account of heavy rains and falling of trees. The Tahsildar, Mangalore has already taken action to afford necessary relief.

In Udipi, there was a sea erosion near the Kaup Light House causing damages to two huts and the estimated loss is Rs. 150. There was also damage to a house in Kotathattu village on account of heavy rains and the loss is estimated at Rs. 100.

In Gangually of Coondapur taluk a thatched house had fallen on account of heavy rains taking life of a boy. Two other houses were damaged in Ulthur and Trasi villages.

(SRI N. HUTCHAMASTHY GOWDA)

There was no other damage to house and property on account of recent floods or heavy rains in other Taluks of the District Relief will be given to the affected persons.

Sri B. SUBBIAH SETTY (Suratkal).—Since the seedlings have been destroyed in large scale, May I request the Government to rush immediately short duration seeds *viz.* BTB 20 and Culture 20? Since the pests have destroyed crop, I request the Government to rush pesticides and also to make arrangements for conducting spraying operations immediately. Since there is no sufficient drainage system in Kulai Colony, the water will be collected and some of the low level areas will be submerged every year during rainy season. Therefore, as a permanent solution *viz.*, a channel should be constructed to drain out the water collected and I request the Government to tell me whether there is any proposal to construct a permanent drainage in Kulai area.

ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಕಕ್ಕಿರಾಯ.—ನಮ್ಮ ಬಂಟವಾಳ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾವಿರಾರು ಹಳ್ಳಿಗಳಿವೆ. ಆ ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟೋ ಏಕರ ಜಮೀನಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಹುಳು ಬಿದ್ದು ಬೆಳೆ ಕಟ್ಟು ಹೋಗಿದೆ. ಬೆಳೆಗೆ ರೋಗ ತಗಲಿದೆ. ಈಗ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಏನು ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೋ ಅದು ಬಹಳ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಆಗುತ್ತಾ ಇಲ್ಲ. ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾದ ಕೆಲಸ ಅಪರಿಮಿತವಾಗಿದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ತಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ನನ್ನದೊಂದು ಏನಂತಿ. ಐ.ಸಿ.ಎ.ಆರ್. ಎಜೆನ್ಸಿಯನ್ನು ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಮೊಬರೈಡ್ ಮಾಡಿ ಅವರ ಮೂಲಕ ಬಹಳ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಪ್ರಮಾಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಬೆಳೆಗೆ ಹುಳು ಬಂದಿದ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ಅವರ ವಿರುದ್ಧವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರತಿಬಂಧಕ ಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸೂಕ್ತ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು. ಈ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ರೈತರಿಗೆ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಸ್ಕಾಕ್ ಇಲ್ಲದಿದ್ದರೆ, ಪಾರ್ಟ್ ಟರ್ಮಿನಲ್ ಸೀಡ್ಸ್‌ನ್ನು ಬಹಳ ಬೇಗನೆ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಫಿ.ಟಿ.ಬಿ. 20 ಕಲ್ಚರ್ ಇತ್ಯಾದಿ ಸೀಡುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೂಡಲೇ ಕೆಲವೇ ದಿನಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ರೈತರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಬೇಕು. ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ತಡವಾದರೆ, ಬೆಳೆ ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ವಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಮಳೆ ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ನಾಟ ಸುಟ್ಟು ಹೋಯಿತು. ಮಳೆ ಜಾಸ್ತಿಯಾಗಿ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಉಳಿದುದೂ ಕೂಡ ಅದು ಬೆಳೆದು ಬಾರದ ಹಾಗೆ ರೈತರು ಅದನ್ನೂ ಸಹ ಕಳೆಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಬೆಳೆ ಹಾಳಾಗಿಹೋಗಿದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಅಲ್ಲಿಯ ರೈತರಿಗೆ ಇನ್ನು ಎರಡು ಮೂರು ದಿನಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯಾದರೂ ನೆರೆಹೊರೆಯ ರಾಜ್ಯಗಳಿಂದ ಐ.ಸಿ.ಎ.ಆರ್. ಮೂಲಕ ಸ್ವೇಚ್ಛೆ ಮಾಡಿಸಿ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಬೆಳೆ ಕೆಡದೆ ಹಾಗೆ ತಕ್ಕ ಕ್ರಮ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ನಾನು ಕೇಳಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಅಲ್ಲದೆ ಇನ್ನು ಕೆಲವೇ ದಿನಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎಂದರೆ 2-3 ದಿನಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೆರೆಹೊರೆಯ ರಾಜ್ಯಗಳಿಂದರಾದರೂ ಆ ಬತ್ತನೆ ಬೀಜಗಳನ್ನು ತರಿಸಿಕೊಡುವುದರ ಜೊತೆಗೆ ಈ ಐ.ಸಿ.ಎ.ಆರ್. ಮೂಲಕ ಪೆಸ್ಟಿಸೈಡ್‌ನ್ನು ಸ್ವೇಚ್ಛೆ ಮಾಡಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೂ ಕೂಡಲೆ ಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೆಂದು ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ.

Smt. WINNIFRED F. FERNANDEZ.—What sort of relief is the Government going to give to the family of the deceased boy?

ಶ್ರೀ ಎನ್. ಹುಚ್ಚಮಾಸ್ತಿಗೌಡ.—ಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಈಗ ತಾನೆ ಏನು ಈ ಪರಿಹಾರ ಸೂಚನೆಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾಪ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಇದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಹೇಳುವುದಾದರೆ ನಾನಾಗಲೇ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳೊಡನೆ ಮಾತನಾಡಿ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಮನೆ ಬಿದ್ದು ಹೋಗಿರತಕ್ಕದ್ದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಎರಡುನೂರು ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ತಿಳಿಸಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಇನ್ನು ಆ ಒಬ್ಬ ಹುಡುಗನು ಸತ್ತುಹೋದ್ದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಆ ಕುಟುಂಬಕ್ಕೆ ನು ಪರಿಹಾರ ನೀಡಬೇಕೆಂಬುದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಎಷ್ಟನ್ನು ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವೋ ಅಷ್ಟನ್ನೂ ಕೊಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಆಗಲೇ ತಿಳಿಸಿದ್ದೇನೆ.

ಇನ್ನು ಹುಳಗಳ ಉಪಚರ ಹರಡದಂತೆ ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟಲು ದ್ವಾರೆಯೇ ಇರಾಣಿಯ ಪರಿಣತರನ್ನು ಕರಸಿ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಸೂಚನೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಇನ್ನು ಅಲ್ಪಕಾಲಾವಧಿಯ ಒತ್ತನೆ ಬೀಜಗಳನ್ನು ರೂಪರಾಯಿ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕ ವಿಚಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಇರಾಣಿಯ ಮೂಲಕ ತೀವ್ರ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಇನ್ನು ಐ.ಸಿ.ಎ.ಆರ್. ಮೂಲಕ ಸ್ವೀಕೃತವಾದುದಕ್ಕೆ ಮತ್ತು ರೋಗವನ್ನು ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಒಬ್ಬನೇನು ಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕೋ ಅವನ್ನು ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳುವಂತೆ ಆ ಪರಿಣತರಿಗೆ ಸೂಚನೆ ಕೊಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಇನ್ನು ಇನ್‌ಸ್ಟಿಟ್ಯೂಟ್ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಏನು ಒಂದು ಶಾಶ್ವತವಾದ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಎಷ್ಟರಮಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿದೆ ಅದಕ್ಕೇನು ಅಗತ್ಯವಾಗಬೇಕೆಂಬುದರ ವಿವರಗಳನ್ನು ತರಿಸಿ ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ, ಅದರಂತೆ ಕಾರ್ಯವನ್ನು ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಎಂದು ಸೂಚಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಇಷ್ಟಪಡುತ್ತೇನೆ.

(iii) *re* : admission of the students in the Maharani's College, Bangalore.

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಚ್.ಎಸ್. ಸಿದ್ದಪ್ಪ.—ಸ್ವಾಮಿ, ನಾನು ನನ್ನ ಅರಾಧನೆಯ ವಿಷಯದತ್ತ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರ ಗಮನವನ್ನು ಸೆಳೆಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಇಷ್ಟಪಡುತ್ತೇನೆ. I call the attention of the Hon. Minister for Education *re* : admission of the students in the Maharani's College, Bangalore.

† Sri A. R. BADARINARAYANA (Minister for Education).—The strength of the Maharani's College before the opening of the current academic year was over 2,000 pupils. With the admissions proposed this year, it is likely to reach a figure of over 3,000 students. Indiscriminately extending the strength of this institution would not be advisable as it becomes more and more difficult for the authorities to manage such a large number of students. Consequently, Government have already a proposal to bifurcate the existing college so that the number of students in each institution would be considerably reduced. The proposal is under active consideration.

2. Meanwhile, the hon. Member has stated that about 5,000 students are likely to be refused admission, which statement is belied by facts. As per information, 1872 students applied for the P. U. C. out of these, 892 applications were for Arts and 980 for Science. In the PUC first year there are 560 admissions this year. In the second year, 573 have been allowed to continue. In the first year of B.A. and B.Sc., 365 students have been admitted. Thus, it is clear that no efforts have been spared to admit as many students as is possible. Indiscriminate permission for admissions beyond the number already admitted would result in making the institution too unwieldy to manage.

3. Bangalore has got a large number of Junior Colleges and First Grade Colleges. For P.U.C. Course, 10 institutions were sanctioned last year, in addition to 31 composite colleges. This year, in addition to the above, six Higher Secondary Schools have been upgraded and six new Junior Colleges have been licensed. The students who have not been able to secure admission in this institution can go to any one of the other colleges where seats would be available. Hence, I would like to impress upon the House that it would not be correct for Government to give a direction to the Maharani's College, Bangalore, to admit

(SRI A. R. BADARINARAYANA)

all students who have applied for admission. This is being said only in the interest of good administration in the institution as any further increase would make the college too unwieldy.

SRI H. S. SIDDAPPA.—I have very clearly stated in my notice that the accommodation at present would suffice only at the rate of 6' per student, as it is available now. I had discussion with the Principal. She pleads that with this existing accommodation, no more admissions can be made and if more accommodation is given, she could admit. The staff is working for two shifts from morning 8 to six in the evening. Now, the private colleges are not taking any admission, except first class students. Government has failed to direct the private colleges to take admissions in respect of all classes of students. There is rush only to the Maharani's College because, the private colleges are not taking admission of students other than first class students. The Scheduled Castes students are rushing to Maharani's College, because private institutions are not taking them also. The reasons are to be investigated. Government is reimbursing the fees and giving grant; still they are refusing.

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SRI H. S. SIDDAPPA.—My request is; Please direct the authorities there not to force the students to take a subject in which they have not passed. Supposing a candidate has passed with C.B.Z., she should not be forced to take H.E.P. Please issue necessary instructions and also see that at least temporary accommodation is provided, if there is no accommodation as the Principal said

SRI C. M. ARUMUGAM.—I would like to stress on one point, Madam That is, the Government should see that all girls who seek admission in the College should be given seats either in the Maharani's College or in private colleges in Bangalore, as Mr. Siddappa put it correctly. In the private colleges they conduct test before admission and they should have passed in first class and also pass this test. It is also not possible for the poor students to pay fees in the private colleges. That is the reason why there is rush in Maharani's College for Women. it is a good suggestion to bifurcate the College. Let him do it. In the meanwhile, Government should give assurance that sufficient accommodation will be provided in Bangalore, Mysore and all over the State, so as to enable all the girls who seek admission to the Colleges being admitted there.

SRI A. R. BADARINARAYANA.—Madam, As the House is aware, the situation is very explosive. There were about 2,000 pupils that were admitted last year. The total number of students was 2,000. We are trying to increase it to 3,000. So, 1,000 more will be admitted. As admitted by the hon. Member there is no accommodation. What

***** Matter expunged as ordered by the Chair.

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can be done I do not know. We have got to somehow accommodate these girls. But how to accommodate is our question. We have given a number of Junior Colleges. We will try and see how best they can be accommodated. The Malleswaram Boys' High School is also converted into a Junior College and some students can be admitted there. I think I could instruct the principal to, as far as possible, try to admit students. This situation has come all on a sudden.

MADAM SPEAKER.—The other call attention notice tabled by Sri D. B. Kalmankar will be taken up tomorrow. The House will now rise and meet tomorrow at 12 noon.

The house adjourned at Fifty five minutes past Seven of the Clock to meet again at Twelve of the Clock on Tuesday, the 11th July 1972.
